exercises or has exercised any functions or responsibilities with respect to assisted activities; or

- (2) Who is in a position to participate in a decisionmaking process or gain inside information with regard to such activities.
- (e) For IHAs, §950.115 of this title, "Applicability of civil rights requirements," and §950.120 of this title, "Compliance with other Federal requirements," apply and control to the extent they may differ from other requirements of this section;
- (f) Indian preference. For purposes of the Public Housing Program, applicants are subject to the Indian Civil Rights Act (24 U.S.C. 1301), the provisions of section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e(b)), and the Indian preference rules in the IHA procurement regulations at 24 CFR 950, subpart B. These provisions require that, to the greatest extent feasible, preference and opportunities for training and employment be given to Indians, and that preference in the award of subcontracts and subgrants be given to Indian Organizations and Indian Owned Economic Enterprises.
- (g) Intergovernmental Review. The requirements of Executive Order 12372 (3 CFR, 1982 Comp., p. 197) and the regulations issued under the Order in 24 CFR part 52, to the extent provided by FEDERAL REGISTER notice in accordance with 24 CFR 52.3, apply to these programs.

### PARTS 762-790 [RESERVED]

## PART 791—REVIEW OF APPLICA-TIONS FOR HOUSING ASSIST-ANCE AND ALLOCATIONS OF HOUSING ASSISTANCE FUNDS

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AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1439 and 3535(d).

Source: 61 FR 10849, Mar. 15, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

# **Subpart A—General Provisions**

# §791.101 Applicability and scope.

This part describes the roles and responsibilities of HUD and local governments under section 213 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 1437). It applies to the allocation of budget authority, and the review and approval of applications for housing assistance under the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437–1437q), section 101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 (12 U.S.C. 1701s), and with respect to subpart D only, section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959 (12 U.S.C. 1710q), except as follows:

- (a) This part does not apply to programs for public housing operating subsidy, public housing modernization, or rental rehabilitation grant assistance under section 9, 14, or 17 of the United States Housing Act of 1937; and
- (b) Subpart D of this part does not apply to the allocation of budget authority for housing development grant assistance under section 17 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937.

# § 791.102 Definitions.

*Act.* The Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.D. 1437), as amended.

Allocation area. A municipality, county, or group of municipalities or counties or Indian areas identified by the

HUD field office for the purpose of allocating housing assistance.

Application for housing assistance. The first submission to HUD for housing assistance under one of the programs identified in §791.101(a). For the purposes of this part, the term includes an application, a preliminary proposal, or a proposal, so long as it meets the applicable program regulations. For the public housing program, the first application identifying a project site will be considered the application for housing assistance.

Assistant Secretary. The Assistant Secretary for Housing or the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, as appropriate to the housing assistance under consideration.

Budget authority. The maximum amount authorized by the Congress for payments over the term of assistance contracts.

Chief executive officer. The elected official or legally designated official who has the primary responsibility for conducting the governmental affairs of a unit of general local government. Examples of the "chief executive officer" include: the elected mayor of a municipality; the elected county executive of a county; the presiding officer of a county commission or board in a county that has no elected county executive; the official designated by the governing body of the local government pursuant to law (e.g., the city manager or city administrator); and the chairman, governor, chief or president of an Indian tribe or Alaskan native village.

Fiscal year. The official operating period of the Federal government, beginning on October 1 and ending on September 30.

Household type. The three household types are: elderly, small family, and large family. References to household type shall mean the household type within the appropriate tenure type.

Housing type. The three housing types are:

- (1) New construction;
- (2) Rehabilitation; and
- (3) Existing housing.

Local government. Any city, county, town, township, parish, village or other unit of general local government which is a general purpose political subdivi-

sion of a State or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas, the Virgin Islands and American Samoa, or a general purpose political subdivision thereof; a combination of such political subdivisions recognized by the Secretary of HUD: the District of Columbia; the former Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands, as applicable; Indian tribes, bands, groups and nations, including Alaska Indians, Aleuts and Eskimos; and any Alaskan native village of the United States. The term also includes a State or local public body or agency, community association, or other entity which is approved by HUD to provide public facilities or services to a new community meeting the requirements of Title IV of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3901) or Title VII of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4501).

Metropolitan area. See MSA.

MSA. A metropolitan statistical area established by the Office of Management and Budget. The term also includes primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs), which are the component parts of larger urbanized areas designated as consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs). Where an MSA is divided among two or more field offices, references to an MSA mean the portion of the MSA within the State/Area Office jurisdiction.

Public housing agency. Any State, county, municipality, or other governmental entity or public body (or agency or instrumentality thereof) which is authorized to engage in or assist in the development or operation of housing for low-income families.

*Tenure type.* The two tenure types are owners and renters.

Urban county. Any county within a metropolitan area which is authorized under State law to undertake essential community development and housing assistance activities in its unincorporated areas, and which meets the other requirements of 24 CFR 570.307 for qualification as an urban county.